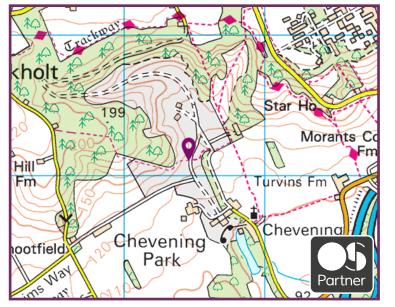




Time: 15 mins Region: South East England Landscape: rural



Location: Chevening, near Sevenoaks, TN14 6HG

Grid reference: TQ 48459 58106

Getting there: To reach Chevening, leave the A25 at Sunbridge and go north along the B221 signed Chevening. After 2 miles turn left off the B road up a minor road signed Chevening.

Parking: Limited parking in the village outside St Botolph's Church

Keep an eye out for: The quaint cottages in the tiny estate village built by the lord of the manor for his tenants

A church, a handful of cottages and a scattering of farms are all that make up the quiet village of Chevening in Kent. Within earshot of the M25, but tucked away down a country lane, thousands of cars and lorries rush past it every day.

Here, hidden from view, is an English country house that has both reshaped the physical landscape we experience today and the political one that shapes our lives.

How has hidden Chevening House shaped the local and global landscape?









Looking at the landscape from this viewpoint you can probably appreciate that much of it is 'man made'. Let's start with the three-storey, redbrick Chevening House itself. It was built about 1620 for Lord Dacre, a member of the 'landed gentry' or land-owning classes.

Besides the house, the estate includes gardens and 280 hectares of parkland (one hectare is the size of a sports field). The estate lands stretch north up to and including the beech woods that cover the steep scarp of the North Downs. To the south, the estate encompasses farmland almost as far as the M25.

Just to the right of the house, can you spot an Italianate garden with lawns and pleasure grounds beyond? Rows of yew trees border the lawn and a high brick wall screens the grounds from the road. Looking up to the woods, the beech trees you can see were planted here in the early nineteenth century. A network of 'drives' were cut through them for the landowner to ride and hunt in.

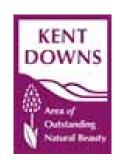
Along with these visible changes to the 'natural' landscape, there are other invisible ways in which the Chevening estate has influenced how the land is used.

Before the estate was built, two ancient trackways passed close to where the house now stands. One was the Pilgrims Way - the historic pilgrims route from Winchester to Canterbury following the southern slopes of the North Downs.

The other was the Rye Road, also known as the Fish Road, along which horses laden with baskets of fish travelled from the coast at Rye up to London's markets. In the late eighteenth century both of these roads were rerouted, and new ones built to increase the privacy of the estate.

Chevening House has shaped the political landscape too. When the 7th Earl died in 1967, he had no children to inherit the estate. Fearing that the house would be sold and broken up, he ensured it would remain intact after his death by putting it in the hands of a trust.

As a result, Chevening House's occupancy can only be nominated by the Prime Minister. The current occupier is the Foreign Secretary. We can only imagine what role this hidden house plays in the political life of the country and what far-reaching decisions are debated right here.



This viewpoint is one of 12 created in partnership with **Kent Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)** to celebrate their 50 year anniversary in 2018.

Find out more about the Kent Downs AONB by visiting www.kentdowns.org.uk